

## KES Enviro Redivent Installation, Operating and Maintenance Manual

## July 2015

Spring Air Systems Inc.
Phone (905) 338-2999, Fax (905) 338-0179, <u>info@springairsystems.com</u>
<a href="mailto:www.springairsystems.com">www.springairsystems.com</a>

# **KES Enviro Installation, Operating and Maintenance Manual**

## **Table of Contents**

Introduction	3
The System	4
Control Circuit	5
Control Systems: Filter hood or Dry Extractor Remote	10
Checking Fan Rotation	12
Odor Spray System	12
Where to Purchase Filters	15
Replacement Filter Equivalents	15
When to Change the KES Filters	16
Trouble Shooting	18
KES Maintenance Schedule	20
Programming the Smart Clock	22
Setting the weekend fan and operation	23
Setting filter out limits at start-up	25
Viewing Parameters	26
Setting Bag and Box Filter	27
Setting Filter and Pre-Filter Clogged	28
Setting Bag and Box Filter Clogged	29
Appendix A: VFD only: Factory Drive Terminal Schematic	30
Appendix B: Hazardous Warning	32
Appendix C: VFD only: Good Wiring Practice	33
Appendix D: VFD only: Grounding	34
Appendix E: VFD only: Starting the Drive	35
Appendix F: VFD only: Accessing the drive program menu	36
Appendix G: VFD only: Programming the Drive Parameters	38
Appendix H: VFD only: Trouble shooting the Drive Faulty Display	39
KES Enviro Redivent Start-Up Report	44

July 2015

#### KES ENVIRO OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE MANUAL

#### INTRODUCTION

Thank you for purchasing a Spring Air Systems commercial kitchen ventilation product. Please read the complete "KES Enviro Operation and Maintenance Manual" prior to installation, commissioning or operating a KES unit.

The SPRING AIR SYSTEMS INC. kitchen Enviro system (KES), Exhaust Cleaning Assembly for Kitchen Exhaust Duct, "Enviro Unit" is ULC and UL listed for use in a commercial kitchen exhaust system. KES units are available in sizes ranging from 1,000 CFM to 10,000 CFM for indoor applications.

The primary function of a KES Enviro unit is to filter the grease, lint and dust particles and remove the odor from the exhaust air.

The Underwriters Laboratories Inc. (UL) and Underwriters' Laboratories of Canada Limited (ULC) listings allow the kitchen exhaust air to be discharge to atmosphere at low levels.

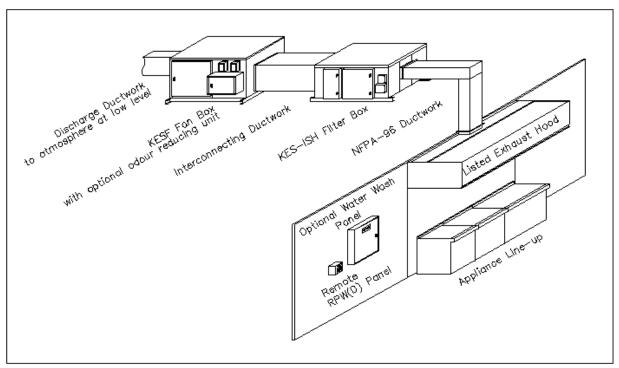
Prior to any installation the installer must seek approval from the authorities having jurisdiction.



KES-ISH Enviro Filter Box Figure 1

KESF Enviro Fan Box Figure 2

KES System Schematic Figure 3



#### THE SYSTEM

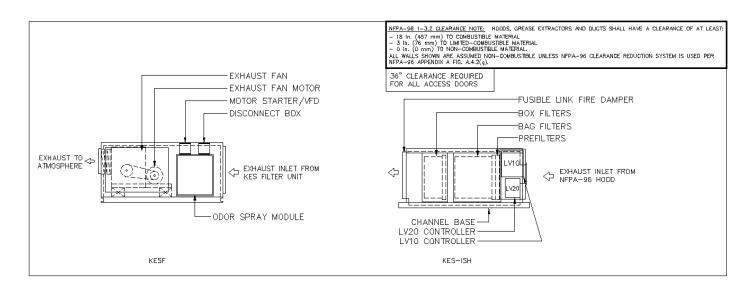
The grease-laden air rises from the cooking equipment into a UL or ULC exhaust hood. The exhaust hood removes some of the airborne grease particulate. Typically most micron and submicron particles escape into the exhaust ductwork. The exhaust ducting is connected from the hood to the inlet of the KES Enviro unit. This exhaust ductwork must be supplied and installed in accordance with the NFPA-96 code.

Once through the particulate filter sections the exhaust air enters the optional odor removal section. The odor section is only required when discharging cooking smells may be offensive. This section consists of two optional odor removal systems.

- Odor Cells filled with activated alumina impregnated with potassium permanganate. The odor is controlled through a combination of sorption and the chemical modification of the gaseous contaminates. The odor media is non-toxic and non-flammable.
- Odor spray solution. The odor is control by spraying an odor reducer into the exhaust air stream intermittently during the operation of the cooking systems. The odor spray unit is normally located mounted on the KESF fan section. The cabinet includes an air compressor, atomizing air nozzle and piping and odor spray container.



Odor Spray components Figure 4



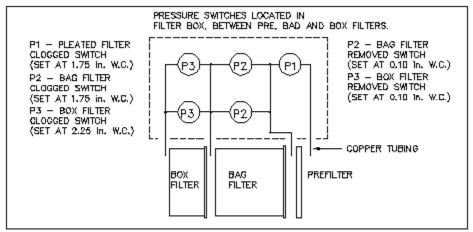
KES-ISH and KESF Enviro components Figure 5

The exhaust air is discharged from the KES unit through a single width, single inlet (SWSI) or double width, double inlet (DWDI) exhaust fan. The discharge ductwork transfers the exhaust air outdoors.

## **CONTROL CIRCUIT**

## Filter Clogged:

During normal operation of the KES unit three-filter stages collect grease, dust, and lint particulate. The type of cooking equipment and the hours of operation determines the useful life of the individual filters.

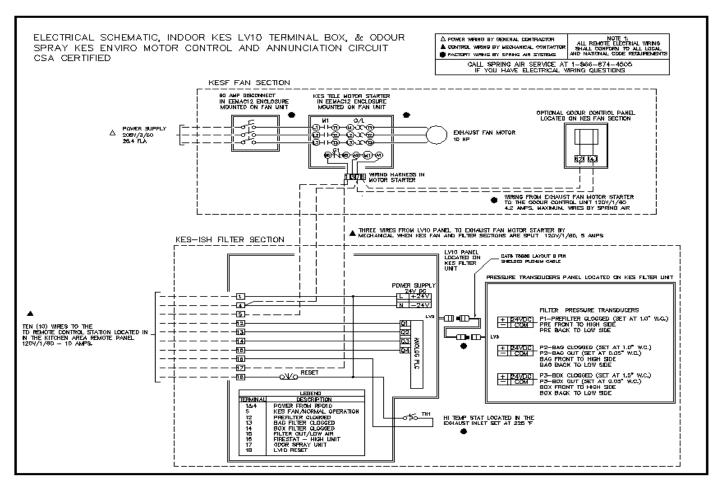


SCHEMATIC OF PRESSURE SWITCH CONNECTIONS TO PRESSURE TUBE MANIFOLD

Pressure Switch Locations Figure 6

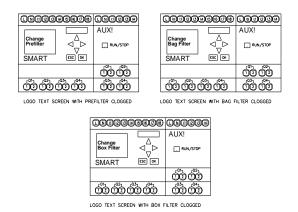


Box Filter probes as viewed from discharge Figure 7



Typical indoor KES, motor starter, LV10 J-Box with odor spray wiring schematic Figure 8

Pressure transducers have been installed to determine when the filters are totally used and must be replaced. As the filter reaches the grease loading capacity the static pressure across each filter increases. When the maximum static pressure is reached the pressure alarm is activated. The exhaust fan shuts off, the "NORMAL" pilot energizes, and the kitchen remote panel annunciates a filter-clogged condition. (The remote panel indicates which stage of filters has clogged; PREFILTER, BAG FILTER, or BOX FILTER.) In addition the screen of the LOGO controller in the RPD10 or RPW10 has a text message also indicating which filter is clogged.

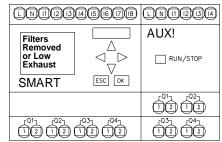


RPD10 or RPW10 LOGO controller indicating Box Filter clogged text messages Figure 9

The clogged filter must be replaced and the system reset to resume normal operation. If this condition occurs during normally operating hours rotate the OVERRIDE selector switch and the fan will come back on. The systems can run in the OVERRIDE position for about 4 hours. (See the section the OVERRIDE switch) If the system runs longer than 4 hours the fan will shut down. The filters must be changed and the system reset. It is recommended that the filters be changed prior to the filter clogged light energizing. A filter usage chart is attached to record when the filters are being changed. Using this chart a regular maintenance schedule can be set up to ensure constant uninterrupted operation of the commercial kitchen.

#### Filter Removed:

Should the bag or box filters be removed during normal operation the KES unit is automatically shut down. A pressure transducer across the bag filters and box filters monitors a minimum pressure drop of 0.25" W.C. When the filter is removed the pressure differential falls and the pressure switch is activated. The exhaust fan shuts off, the "FILTER REMOVED" pilot light on the RPD10 or RPW10 energizes and the screen of the LOGO controller in the RPD10 or RPW10 has a text message indicating "FILTER REMOVED/LOW EXHAUST. To resume normal operation the filter must be replaced and the system reset. (See the section the OVERRIDE switch)



RPD10 or RPW10 LOGO controller indicating filter removed text message Figure 10

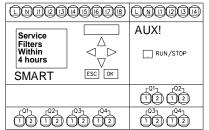
#### Fire:

In the event of a high temperature in the ductwork leading to the KES unit or within the KES unit a firestat located at the inlet of the KES filter section is activated. When the exhaust air reaches 160 F the firestat is energized. The exhaust fan shuts off, the "NORMAL" pilot goes off, and a "FIRE" pilot energizes on the remote RPD10 or RPW10 panel. Should the exhaust temperature continue to rise the fusible link melts and closes the fire damper in the exhaust discharge of the KES filter section. This fire damper is always located between the fan and filter section. The fire damper fusible link is rated at 165 F. Shut off all cooking equipment and notify the fire department. To resume normal operation, replace the fusible link and reset the system. An authorized SPRING AIR SYSTEM INC. service technician should be called to inspect the unit.

#### Override Switch: (located on RPW10 or RPD10 panel)

In the event that the filter clogged annunciation shuts off the KES unit during a peak cooking time rotate the OVERRIDE SWITCH located on the RPW10 panel clockwise. The WARNING pilot light will energize and the FILTER CLOGGED and NORMAL lights will turn off. This is a temporary override to allow for the cooking equipment to be shut off prior to changing the filters. The systems can run in the OVERRIDE position for 4 hours. If the system runs longer than 4 hours the fan will shut down. The filters must be changed and the system reset. It is recommended that the filters be changed prior to the filter clogged light energizing. A filter usage chart is attached to record when the filters are being changed. Using this chart a regular maintenance schedule can be set up to ensure constant uninterrupted operation of the commercial kitchen.

Once the dirty filter has been replaced rotate the OVERRIDE SWITCH to counter clock wise to resume normal operation.



RPD10 or RPW10 LOGO with Override selector in on position Figure 11

## **System Reset:**

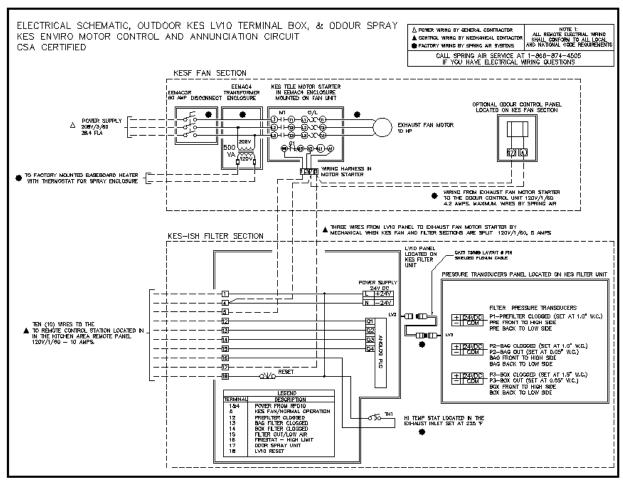
After any of the safety circuit annunciation, the system must be reset. The system is reset by toggling the "RESET" switch in the LV10 J-box, or switching the OVERRIDE SWITCH on the RPW10 or RPD10, or turning the fan selector switch to the "OFF" and then to the "ON" position.



Logo Processor Figure 12



RPD-KD & RPD-KW Face Plate Figure 13



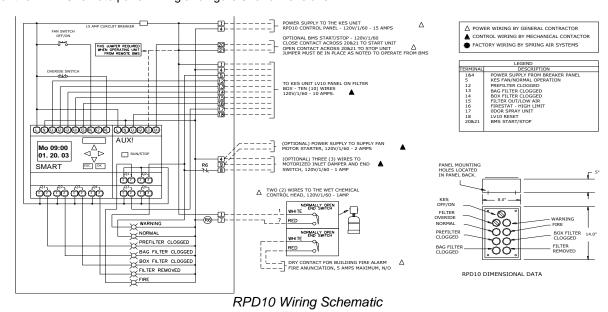
Wiring diagram for Outdoor KES, motor starter, LV10 J-Box, and odor unit Figure 14

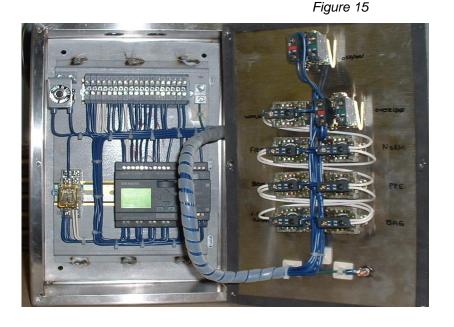
#### CONTROL SYSTEM

#### FILTER HOOD OR DRY GREASE EXTRACTOR:

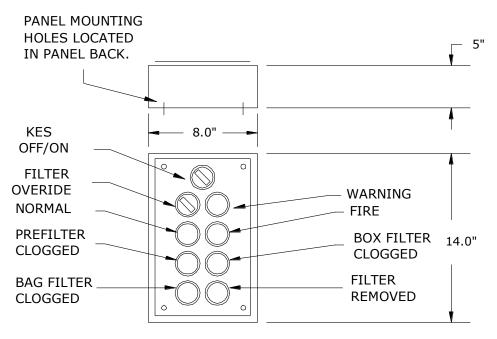
#### RPD10 Remote Panel

The KES unit off/on operation is controlled from RPD10 remote annunciation panel. The fan selector switch on the RPD10 remote panel closes and sends power through terminals 5 & 4 to the LV10 J-Box to energize the exhaust fan circuit. (The LV10 J-Box is mounted on the KES-ISH filter section). The "NORMAL" operation pilot on the RPD10 remote kitchen annunciation panel energizes and after 30 seconds the KES control circuit within the RPD10 remote panel is activated. The exhaust fan motor is energized through the terminals 5 & 4 to the motor starter. See figure 8 for the RPD10 remote panel wiring and figure 9 for dimensions.

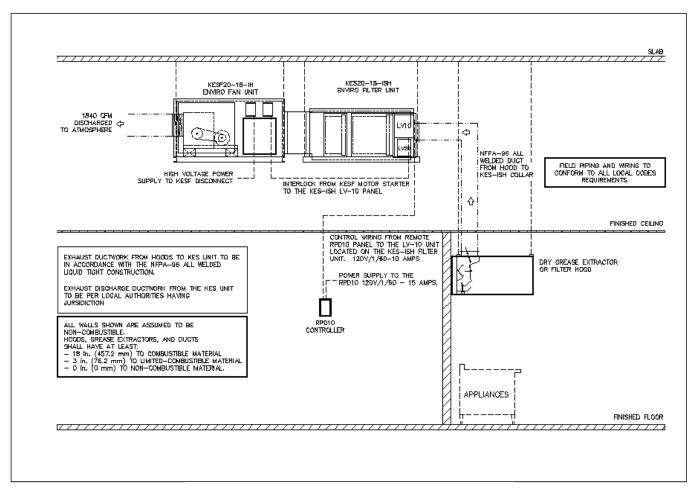




RPD10 Internal Wiring Figure 16



RPD10 Remote Panel Dimensions Figure 17



Remote wiring of KES Enviro units with Dry Hood Figure 17

#### CHECKING FAN ROTATION

Fan rotation should be checked prior to commission the system. Turn the fan selector switch in to the off position. Turn on the circuit breaker powering the KESF unit. To check fan rotation, turn off disconnect at KES, turn on unit at RPD panel, turn on disconnect to roll fan, then shut off disconnect and verify rotation. The backward inclined KESF fan must be running backwards such that the fan blades pushing the air from the back of the blade. If the fan is scooping the air change the fan rotation. To correct fan rotation switch two of the high voltage wires on terminals at motor starter or switch two wires at the motor.

#### SHUT OFF ALL POWER TO THE KESF BEFORE CORRECTING ROTATION



A KESF DWDI fan. Correct rotation for this fan arrangement looking into the end shown above is clockwise Figure 18

#### **ODOR SPRAY SYSTEM**

#### **Operating and Maintenance**

The Spring Air Systems Inc. odor spray unit has a one-year warranty from startup. The two timers, cycle timer B01, and spray timer B02, are factory set (5 minute cycle and 2 second spray) and then adjusted during startup to the odor reducing intensity required for the application. The B01 cycle timer is generally set between 5 to 10 minutes. The B02 spray timer is generally set between 2 to 60 seconds.

#### How does it Work?

The odor spray setting is a qualitative measurement. The spray timers are field set to provide adequate odor reduction for the installation. This is completely subject to what a particular person feel is an acceptable discharge odor.

During the spray timer activation the combination air compressor and air-atomizing nozzle injects a volume of odor solution into the exhaust discharge. This solution is carried along the discharge duct and vented to atmosphere. The spray solution chemically activates with the kitchen exhaust air to reduce the kitchen exhaust odors. As the solution is carried down the duct some adheres to the duct walls. We will call this the spray residue. During the cycle time when the spray is not activated this spray residue continues the odor reducing process as the exhaust air passes. Therefore installation with longer discharge ducts can normally use a longer cycle time because there will be more spray residue. A shorter run of discharge duct usually results in shorter cycle time.

- A. When adjusting the timers the object is to use as little spray solution as possible to provide adequate odor reduction:
  - 1. First adjust the spray cycle, B01 timer.
  - 2. Reduce this setting by ½ of the original cycle setting and check the operation. If ½ proves adequate, increase the cycle back to ¾ of the original cycle setting. If this is adequate increase to 7/8 of the original setting and so forth.

- 3. If reducing the setting by ½ is not adequate decrease the cycle to ¼ of the original setting. If this is not adequate adjust the spray timer B02.
  - a. Increase the spray time B02 in increments of 5 seconds. After each 5 second increase evaluate the quality of the exhaust discharge air to determine if it is acceptable to the user.
  - b. When the spray timer setting equals the cycle timer settings the spray will be continuous. The maximum setting of B02 should not exceed the cycle timer B01.

The odor spray bottle must be changed regularly depending on the length of time set on timers B01 and B02. The odor spray line from the spray bottle to the spray nozzle must be cleaned every 6 months in a water and detergent mixture. The compressed air gauge should read between 10 and 15 psi. When the air gauge is reading below 10, psi will clean out the compressed air line. If the pressure is still low proceed to the next step compressor maintenance.

#### When there is odor in adjoining floors or office spaces

A kitchen located in the interior of an office building must be very negative to keep the kitchen odor within the kitchen. We recommend the kitchen be a minimum 20% negative. The fresh air supply is 80% of the total exhaust air from the kitchen space. When there is odor in adjoining spaces check the following.

- 1. The kitchen is not negative enough to keep the smell of the kitchen in the kitchen. If this is the case the odor is usually present all the time, even when there is no cooking. Reduce the amount of fresh air to the kitchen by adjusting the supply fan volume.
- 2. The kitchen may be connected to the same building A/C unit as the rest of the floor. If this is the case the return air grilles in the kitchen draws the kitchen odor to the main A/C unit and disperses the odor throughout the floor. The main A/C return must be blocked from the kitchen and put on a separate A/C unit.
- 3. The floor above the kitchen have odor. There are three possibilities.
  - a. The exhaust shaft is not sealed and the kitchen exhaust is leaking out onto the floors above the kitchen. Either adjust the amount of odor spray per section "An" above, or install an exhaust fan on the roof to draw the kitchen exhaust to the roof and maintain a negative pressure in the discharge duct.
  - b. The odor may escape when the kitchen is not operating during the night. After the kitchen is shut off kitchen odor may migrate up the exhaust duct and leak out into the adjoining floors. This can be solved by operating the kitchen exhaust for a couple hours after the cooking has stopped for the day and starting the kitchen exhaust fan an hour before cooking starts in the morning.

#### **Odor Spray Compressor Maintenance**

Do not, at any time lubricate any of the parts with oil, grease, or petroleum products nor clean with acids, caustics or chlorinated solvents. Be very careful to keep the diaphragm from contacting any petroleum product of hydrocarbons. It can affect the service life of the pump.

To clean or replace the filters and/or rubber gasket, remove the five screws in the top of the unit. The filters and gaskets are located beneath this top plate. Remove the filters and wash then in a solvent and/or blow off with air and replace. The gasket may be cleaned with water. Replace the filters in proper position and replace the gasket. Note that the gasket and top plate will fit in one position only.

To replace the diaphragm, remove the socket cap screws from the head of the pump. The diaphragm is held in place by two Philip head screws. Remove screws, retainer plate, and diaphragm. The diaphragm will fit in any position on the connecting rod. Replace the plate and the two Phillips head screws. Torque to 30 inch-pounds on DOA and DAA.

Caution: Do not raise any burrs or nicks on the heads of these screws. These burrs could cause damage to the inlet valve.

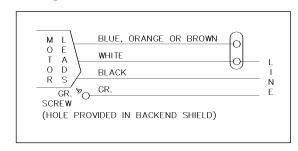
For replacing the inlet and outlet valve, remove the slotted machine screw that holds each valve in place. The stainless steel inlet and outlet valves are interchangeable. Clean them with water. When replacing the outlet valve, place the new valve in location and note there is a retaining bar near the machine screw hole. This retaining bar holds the valve in position. When replacing the inlet valve, note that the valve holder is marked with an X in one corner. This X should be in the lower right hand corner toward the inlet of the air chamber. Replace the head and tighten the socket head screws to 90-100 inch-pounds or torque on DOA and DAA.

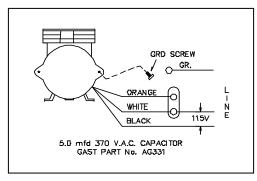
**WARNING -** The motor is thermally protected and can automatically restart when the protector resets. ALWAYS disconnect KES fan power source before servicing.

Do not attempt to replace the connecting rod or motor bearings. If after cleaning the unit and/or installing a new service kit, the unit still does not operate properly, contact your representative, the factory, or return the pump to one of our authorized Service Centers.

IF YOUR PUMP IS EQUIPPED WITH PLASTIC PLUGS IN THE EXHAUST AND/OR INTAKE POTS, REMOVE BEFORE STARTING THE UNIT

#### **Wiring Information**





For any permanent split capacitor motor, which has four (4) leads is as follows:

Brown leads to capacitor. Black leads to Power Source.

For any permanent split capacitor for DOA & DAA motor, which has three (3) leads is as follows:

#### **IMPORTANT NOTICE:**

DO NOT AT ANY TIME ATTEMPT TO REMOVE THE CONNECTING ROD OR COMPLETELY DISASSEMBLE THE PUMP. IF IT DOES NOT GIVE YOU THE PROPER SERVICE EVEN AFTER INSTALLING A NEW SERVICE KIT, PLEASE RETURN IT TO ONE OF THE AUTHORIZED SERVICE CENTERS

#### WHERE TO PURCHASE FILTERS:

Spring Air Systems Inc.

1388 Cornwall Rd., Oakville Ont., L6J 7W5 (905) 338-2999

#### **Airguard Industries**

125 Buttermill Rd., Concord, Ontario, L4K 3X5 905-669-9876

#### Airguard Corp.

4806 Strong Rd., Crystal Lake, IL, 60014 888-324-5665

#### **Camfil Farr Filters**

67 Steelecase Rd. W., Markham Ont., L3R 2M4 (905) 415-3030

#### **Camfil Farr**

2201 Park Place, El Segundo, CA, 90245 310-727-6300

#### RECOMMENDATION

TO ENSURE TROUBLE FREE OPERATION FOR YOUR KITCHEN EXHAUST SYSTEM A PROPER PREVENTATIVE MAINTENANCE PROGRAM IS A NECESSITY.

SPRING AIR SYSTEMS RECOMMENDS THAT A
YEARLY SERVICE CONTRACT BE SET UP WITH A
REPUTABLE SERVICE ORGANIZATION. THIS WILL
REDUCE UNEXPECTED DOWN TIME TO A MINIMUM.

### REPLACEMENT FILTER EQUIVALENTS

PREFILTERS: 30% ASHRAE 52-76 - ULC Class II

Airguard: 24" x 24" x 2" - DP40 Class II

12" x 24" x 2" - DP40 Class II

American Air Filter:

24" x 24" x 2" - AM-AIR Class II 12" x 24" x 2" - AM-AIR Class II

Farr Filters: 24" x 24" x 2" - 30% ASHRAE 52-76 Class II

12" x 24" x 2" - 30% ASHRAE 52-76 Class II

BAG FILTERS: 90 - 95% ASHRAE 52 - 76 - ULC Class II

Airguard: 24" x 24" x 22" - V9-4M Class II 12" x 24" x 22" - V9-4M Class II

American Air Filter:

24" x 24" x 21" - DRI-PAK - Class II 12" x 24" x 21" - DRI-PAK - Class II

Farr Filters: 24" x 24" x 22" - 90% ASHRAE 52-76 Class II

12" x 24" x 22" - 90% ASHRAE 52-76 Class II

BOX FILTERS: 95% DOP/99% ASHRAE 52-76 ULC Class II

Airguard: 24" x 24" x 12" - VMB- 904 Class II

12" x 24" x 12" - VMB-904 Class II

American Air Filter:

24" x 24" x 12" - BIOCELL Class II 12" x 24" x 12" - BIOCELL Class II

Farr Filter:

24" x 24" x 12" - 6 pocket - 95% DOP Class II

12" x 24" x 12" - 6 pocket - 95% DOP Class II

**ODOR MEDIA:** 1/8" Activated alumina pellets impregnated with potassium permanganate.

Airguard: Barneby-Cheney CP-2

American Air Filter:

Permasorb

Farr Filters: Unisorb.

Odor Spray: Spring Fresh, Spring Air Systems

#### WHEN TO CHANGE THE KES FILTERS

The Prefilter, Bag filter and Box filter must be changed on a regular basis to maintain the high grease extraction efficiency required by the UL/ULC listing. Once a filter clogged light comes on the filter has reached its grease holding capacity. Further use will restrict exhaust air flow causing hood smoke capture problems and/or cause the clogged filter to blow out into the next filter or the exhaust fan. Therefore the three particulate filters must be changed before the Filter Clogged lights activate and shut the unit down under normal kitchen operation. This will provide simple uninterrupted operation for your commercial kitchen operation.

#### Determine the Filter Change Schedule

When the KES unit is turned over to you by the installing contractor immediately change the Prefilters. The Prefilters will probably be full of construction debris and this debris will effect the initial operation of the unit.

#### **PREFILTERS**

- 1. Enter the startup date on the attached FILTER FREQUENCY CHART. This is the date the Prefilters were changed as well.
- 2. Run the unit until the Prefilter Clogged lights turns on. When the light comes on the unit will shut down. Immediately turn the Override switch clockwise and put the unit into override. The unit will come back on. Change the prefilters at the end of the shift or the next day before cooking. Write the date that the Prefilters were changed on the FILTER REQUENCY CHART under Filter Change No. 1/Actual.
- 3. Determine the number of days between the Startup date and the Prefilter Change No. Actual date. Subtract two days from this number. Add the this number of days to the last actual prefilter change and enter this new prefilter schedule date in the schedule under Filter Change No. 2/Schedule. Change the Prefilters on this new date. If the Filter light activates before this new date reduce the number of days to the next scheduled change by one day.

#### **BAG FILTERS**

- Run the unit until the Bag Filter Clogged lights turns on. When the light comes on the unit will shut down. Immediately turn the Override switch clockwise and put the unit into override. The unit will come back on. Change the Bag filters at the end of the shift or the next day before cooking. Write the date that the Bag filters were changed on the FILTER REQUENCY CHART under Filter Change No. 1/Actual.
- 2. Determine the number of days between the Startup date and the Bag filter Change No. Actual date. Subtract two days from this number. Add the this number of days to the last actual bag filter change and enter this new bag filter schedule date in the schedule under Filter Change No. 2/Schedule. Change the bag filters on this new date. If the Filter light activates before this new date reduce the number of days to the next scheduled change by one day.

#### **BOX FILTERS**

- Run the unit until the Box Filter Clogged lights turns on. When the light comes on the unit will shut down. Immediately turn the Override switch clockwise and put the unit into override. The unit will come back on. Change the Box filters at the end of the shift or the next day before cooking. Write the date that the Box filters were changed on the FILTER REQUENCY CHART under Filter Change No. 1/Actual.
- 2. Determine the number of days between the Startup date and the Box filter Change No. Actual date. Subtract two days from this number. Add the this number of days to the last actual box filter change and enter this new box filter schedule date in the schedule under Filter Change No. 2/Schedule. Change the box filters on this new date. If the Filter light activates before this new date reduce the number of days to the next scheduled change by one day.

By following the above procedure you will maximize your filter life. Changing the prefilter prior to clogging improves the bag filter life and changing the bag filter prior to clogging improves the box filter life.

## LACK OF EXHAUST VOLUME PRIOR TO SCHEDULED FILTER CHANGE (IF YOU HAVE A MXFLOW OPTION ON YOUR KESF SKIP THIS SECTION)

When all the filters are clean the exhaust volume is at the maximum. Each of the three filters captures various size grease particulate. The Prefilter capturing the very largest and the Box filter the very smallest. In very heavy applications with large quantities of both micron and submicron particles the exhaust air volume will reduce as the filters clog. If the loading is too heavy the FILTER OUT light will activate. This means that either someone has removed a filter or the exhaust air volume has reduced to a dangerous level. Immediately change the Prefilter. If this does not clear the FILTER REMOVED annunciation change the BAG Filter. Reschedule the next filter changed based on this new period of time.

Similarly should you experience lack of smoke capture during operation of your hood system prior to a scheduled filter change immediately change the Prefilter. If this does not clear the problem change the BAG Filter. If this does not clear the problem put the old Prefilter and Bag Filters in the unit replace the Box Filter. If this does not clear the problem replace the Prefilter and Bag Filters. Reschedule the next filter changed based on this new period of time.

	FILTER FREQUENCY CHART					
Startup o	Startup date/First Prefilter change					
Change		efilter		Filter		Filter
No.	Schedule	Actual	Schedule	Actual	Schedule	Actual
1						
2						
3						
4						
5						
6						
7						
8						
9						
10						
11						
12						
13						
14						
15						
16						
17						
18						
19						
20						
21						
22						
23						
24						

#### TROUBLE SHOOTING

#### I. Exhaust fan does not run.

Reset the system once. Press the reset button in the LV10 J-Box or turn the fan selector switch to "OFF" and "ON". Observe the sequence that follows.

#### 1. The fan does not start and there is no indication on remote panel.

- a)Check power from the breaker to the RPD-KW panel.
- b)Check the three wiring connection from the wash panel to the RPD-KW panel.

## 2. The fan does not start but the green normal pilot energizes for 30 seconds goes out and "Filter removed" pilot energizes.

- a)Check wiring between KES filter box LV10 J-box terminals 5 & 4 and the KESF fan motor starter.
- b)Check wiring between the RPD10 or RPW10 remote and the KES-ISH LV10 J-Box
- c)Reset the exhaust fan overload in the exhaust fan motor starter on the KESF fan section.
- d)Check three phase power to the KESF fan section disconnect.
- e)Check if exhaust duct access door is open between the KES filter section and hood.
- f)Check that all filters on in place.
- g)Check if the prefilter or box filter access door on the KES unit is open
- h)Check the Filter Removed alarm settings on logo in RPD. The switch must make and close after 30 seconds of operation. Adjust the pressure setting or replace transducer.
- i)If all the filters are in place check if pressure tips on the end of the pressure switch manifolds are plugged. There is a pressure tip in front and behind each filter.
- j)Measure Exhaust air volume. If low increase fan RPM to within FLA of fan motor
- k)Check KESF exhaust fan motor starter coil. Replace or repair.
- I)Check KESF fan belts if loose or broken.
- m)Check KESF exhaust fan motor. Replace or repair.

.

## 3. The exhaust fan runs for 30 seconds then shuts off and one of the Filter Clogged pilots energizes.

- a. Check the wiring from the LV10-J-Box to the pressure transducer
- b.Check pressure transducer operation on P1, P2 & Ps on logo in RPD. Ax vales should be flashing changes in value. If not, check transducer terminals for MA readings. If MA signal is present at transducer, check wiring at terminals and re-check cat 5 cable.
- c.Check the wiring between the RPD10 or RPW10 panel and the LV10 J-Box.

#### II. Low Exhaust Air

#### 1.Exhaust fan is running but exhaust air is low.

- a)Check if fan belts are slipping. Tighten if necessary.
- b)Check if fusible link fire damper has closed in the KES filter section. Replace fusible link.
- c)Check if filters are dirty but have not activated the "Filter Clogged" pilot. Replace dirty filters.
- d)Check for correct fan rotation. To correct fan rotation switch two of the high voltage wires motor starter load sider or at the motor disconnect.

### III. Filter Clogged Pilot On.

- 1. Filter clogged pilot indicates which filter section has plugged. Replace filter and reset system.
- 2. If the filter clogged activates earlier then the normal established schedule reset the pressure switches. If the kitchen usage or product has not changed, reset the pressure transducer alarms to slightly higher limits for clog on and clog off allowing 25 points difference. Pre-filter clog should be on 1.25 off 1.00 bag. Filter clog should be on 1.75 off 1.50. Box filter clog should be on 2.50 off 2.25.

#### IV. Filter Removed Pilot On.

1.A filter has been removed or access door left open. Replace if necessary.

#### V. Fire Pilot On.

1. The fire stat in the KES filter section exhaust outlet has activated and shut the KES system down. If a fire is not present check calibration of firestat TH1. Firestat should be set at 160F (105C).

If operation problems persist check the individual the connection between the RPD10 or RPW10 panel and the LV10 J-Box. If problems still exist contact an authorized SPRING AIR SYSTEMS service technician.

#### **KES MAINTENANCE SCHEDULE**

#### Every two weeks: See "When to Change Filter Section"

1.Inspect the prefilters. Replace if necessary. It is important to maintain clean prefilters. Replacing the inexpensive prefilters often extends the life of the bag and box filters and reduces unnecessary down time due to clogged filter shutdowns. The RPD or RPW annunciation panel will indicate separately when the "prefilter", "bag" and "box" filters are clogged. When this occurs the unit shuts down. Rotate the override switch to energize the system for about 4 hours. This provides time to change the filters after the day of cooking. This is a final dirty filter warning. The filter life of all the filters is constant for each operation. Once the approximate filter life for your application is determined we recommend that a regular filter change schedule be set up before the filter out switches activate.

### Every Month: "When to Change Filter Section"

- 1.Complete the two-week list.
- 2.Inspect the exhaust fan belt for correct tension and wear. All belts usually require adjustment at this time. Failure to tighten may result in the belt falling off and no airflow.
- 3.Inspect the bag filters (2nd stage filtration). Replace if necessary. The life of the bag filter depends on the type of cooking equipment and exhaust hood system. For heavy cooking applications the bag filters may require replacement every month.
- 4.(Odor Spray Option) Inspect the odor spray bottle. Refill if necessary. At startup the odor spray is adjusted to the desired level. The amount of odor spray used varies with this initial setting. It is important to inspect the level in the bottle every two weeks until the normal rate of use is determined.

### Every Three Months: "When to Change Filter Section"

- 1. Complete the two-week and monthly checklist.
- 2.Inspect the exhaust fan belt for correct tension and wear. Adjust if necessary.
- 3.Inspect the box filters (3rd stage filtration). Replace if necessary. Once again the life of the box filter depends on the type of cooking equipment and exhaust hood system. The box filter may provide one year of service on most applications with high efficiency water wash ventilators.
- 4.Inspect all electrical connections. Tighten if necessary.
- 5.Test the filter-removed circuit. Open the prefilter access door while the KES unit is in operation. The unit should shut down and indicate a filter-removed condition.

#### Every Six Months "When to Change Filter Section"

- 1. Complete the two-week, monthly and three month check list.
- 2.Open the fan wheel access door or hatch on the KES fan section. Inspect the fan wheel for grease build up. Clean as required.
- 3.Inspect the exhaust inlet fire damper and fusible link. Replace link annually.
- 4. Check the motor and fan bearings for noise or overheating.
- 5.(Odor Pellet Option) Inspect the condition of odor media.
- 6. The odor media pellets can be checked for remaining life by sending a sample to an accredited test laboratory. Most major filter suppliers have access to such service. Replace media if required. To replace the media remove the cells from the KES unit. Open the side panel on each odor cell and pour out the used media. Refill the cells with new media. Shake cells while filling to allow pellets to settle evenly in the cell. **Note**: Do not allow odor media to come in contact with water, as this will immediately render the pellets useless.

#### Fan Bearings

- 1.STY and FYC bearings are factory pre-lubricated lifetime sealed and require no further lubrication.
- 2.SY and FY bearings are pre-lubricated and equipped with pressure grease fittings for regreasing.
- 3. Under normal service conditions grease after six months of operation.

#### Motor Bearings:

- 1.All motors leave the factory with bearings custom greased for many years of service under most conditions.
- 2.Re-greasing of motors depends on the application and is best left to trained service technicians.
- 3. Periodically check if motor is running hotter then normal.

#### Centrifugal Exhaust Fan:

- 1. Make sure the wheel rotates freely before startup.
- 2.Inspect and clean the wheel periodically.
- 3.If dirt is allowed to build up the wheel could become out of balance and cause premature bearing wear.
- 4.A noisy fan is a typical sign of a fan out of balance.

#### V-Belt Drives:

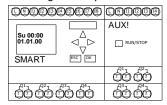
- ALWAYS KEEP SPARE SET OF BELTS. Periodically check the belt tension and adjust if necessary.
- 2.Some slack should be left in the belt, typically 1/4" per foot of belt from the fan to the motor sheave.
- 3. Always replace the complete set of belts to ensure even tension and wear. When replacing belts loosen the motor mounts.
- 4.Do not force belts over sheaves.

#### RECOMMENDATION

TO ENSURE TROUBLE FREE OPERATION FOR YOUR KITCHEN EXHAUST SYSTEM A PROPER PREVENTATIVE MAINTENANCE PROGRAM IS NECESSARY. SPRING AIR RECOMMENDS THAT A YEARLY SERVICE CONTRACT BE SET UP WITH A REPUTABLE SERVICE ORGANIZATION. THIS WILL REDUCE UNEXPECTED DOWN TIME TO A MINIMUM.

## PROGRAMMING THE SMART CLOCK

#### Setting the Day and Time



Su 00:00 01.01.00 1. When power is first applied to the RPD10 panel the following display will blink If the SERVICE FILTERS WITHIN 4 HOURS displays instead the OVERRIDE switch is on. Just rotate the switch and the correct display will blink.



2. Press OK and the following screen will appear.



3. Press V twice.



4. Press OK and the following screen will appear.





6. To change the time press  $\triangleright$  once. The hour will be highlighted. Press  $\triangle$  or  $\bigvee$  until the correct hour appears. Press  $\triangleright$  to move to minutes. Adjust the minutes by pressing  $\triangle$  or  $\bigvee$  until correct minutes appears.



7. To change the date press  $\triangleright$  again. The month will be highlighted. Press  $\triangle$  or  $\bigvee$  until the correct month appears. Press  $\triangleright$  to move to day. Adjust the day by pressing  $\triangle$  or  $\bigvee$  until correct day appear. Press  $\triangleright$  to move to year. Adjust the year by pressing  $\triangle$  or  $\bigvee$  until correct year appears.



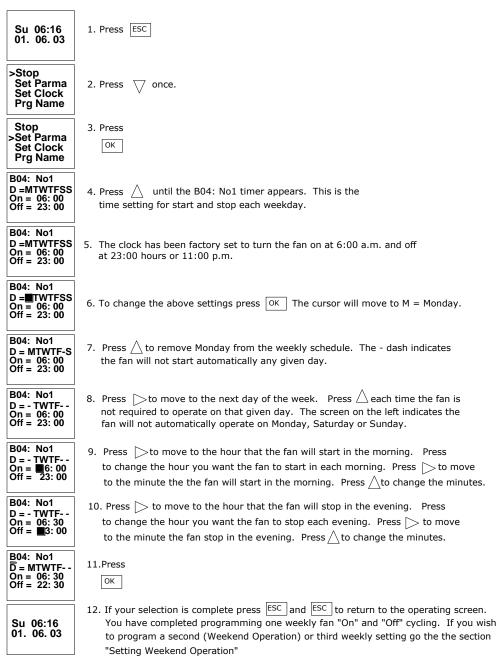
8. You have finished setting the clock.

Su 06:16 01. 06.03

7. Press  $\boxed{\mbox{OK}}$  and  $\boxed{\mbox{ESC}}$  to return to the operating screen.

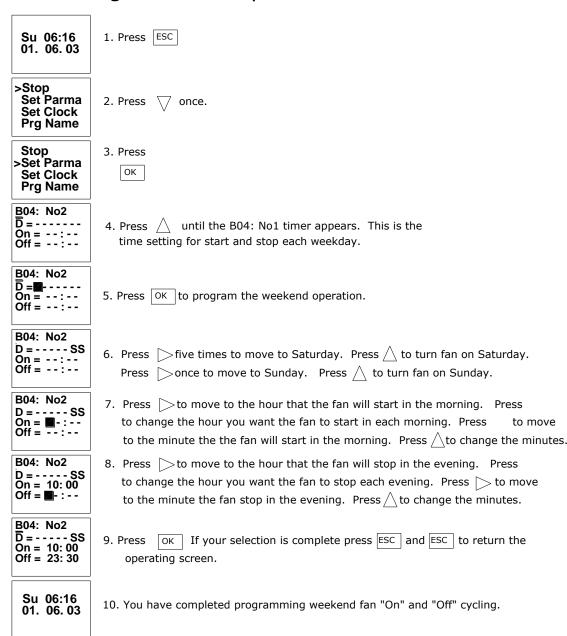
Setting the clock on RPD10A automatic panels Figure 19

## Setting the Weekend Fan "ON" and "OFF" times



Setting the Week Day Fan On and Off Timers on RPD10A automatic panels Figure 20

## Setting Weekend Operation



Setting the and Weekend Fan On and Off Timers on RPD10A automatic panels Figure 21

#### SETTING THE FILTER OUT LIMITS AT STARTUP

The Filter OUT PCL setting for each KES unit may have to be adjusted during startup because each commercial kitchen exhaust system total pressure is not the same. The Filter Out (PRE OFF, BAG OFF and BOX OFF) settings must be adjusted below the current pressure reading (Ax) for the Pre-filter, Bag Filter and Box Filter transmitter in the LV20 RPD. All functions are controlled by the PLC located in the RPD-KD or RPD-KW remote panel located in the kitchen area. The LV10 PLC interlocks to the RPD-KD or RPD-KW panel.

Note: Only the Filter Out limits for Pre-Filter (PRE O), Bag (BAG O) and Box (BOX O) filters must be checked at startup. The Filter Clogged limits are factory preset for the factory supplied filters.

The P1 (Pre-filter), and P2 (Bag Filter) transmitters send a 4-20 ma signal to the Auxiliary 1 module attached to the PLC. The P3 (Box Filter) transmitter signals a 4-20 ma signal to the Auxiliary 2 module located next to Auxiliary 1 module. The PLC converts the 4-20 milliamp signals to a static pressure value.

#### **GETTING STARTED**

Turn on the KES. Override the KES unit. The override switch is found on the remote RPD-KD or RPD-KW. When the KES is in override an amber pilot light on the RPD-KD or RPDW-KW will flash.

Open the RPD panel located in the kitchen. Proceed with caution as the panel is powered. When looking at the PLC screen in the LV10 for the first time it displays the date and time as shown in Figure 35. This is the main screen which serves as the basis for the following steps. If date and time is incorrect, refer to "setting the day and time" segment at the beginning of programming the logo.

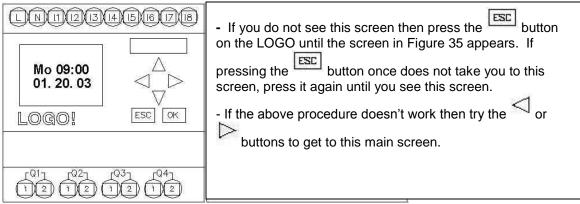
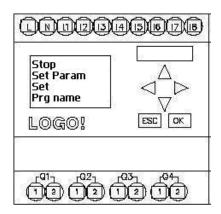


Figure 22

#### VIEWING THE PARAMETERS

To set any parameter you must be on the Main Screen in Figure 35 to continue.



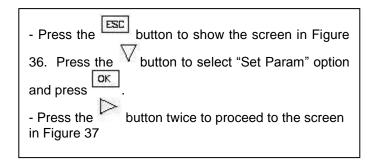


Figure 23

#### FILTER OUT PARMETERS

The limits for the filter out are factory preset for each filter. You must verify that these limits are correct when the filter out does not activate properly. The Ax variable on each screen is the current pressure reading through the filter section. The current reading (Ax) must be higher than the "Off" limit setting for that filter. This limit determines whether the filter is out. To check if the off limit is correct take the filter out. You will see a screen on the PLC displaying the static pressure the filter out occurred and the filter out pilot light on the RPD-K will turn on. Put the filter back in. This has to be done for each type of filter individually in the KES.

Note: The values you set in the PLC MUST BE 100 times the actual static pressure. For example if you want the actual pressure limit to be 0.35" W.C., you need to input 35 in the PLC.

#### **SETTING PRE-FILTER OUT (PRE 0)**

**Factory Presets** 

On = -10

Off = 5

Ax = Current reading through this filter section with filter still in.

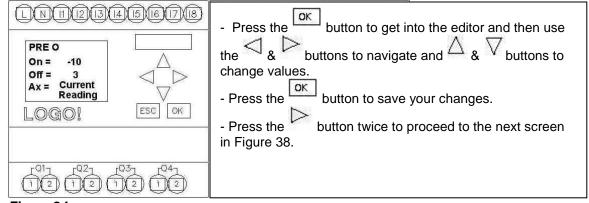


Figure 24

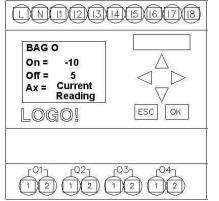
#### **SETTING BAG-FILTER OUT (BAG 0)**

**Factory Presets** 

On = -10

Off = 5

Ax = Current reading through this filter section with filter still in.



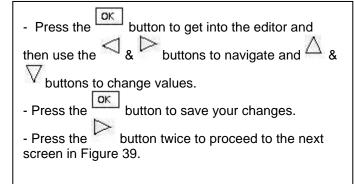


Figure 25

#### **SETTING BOX-FILTER OUT (BOX 0)**

**Factory Presets** 

On = -10

Off = 5

Ax = Current reading through this filter section with filter still in.

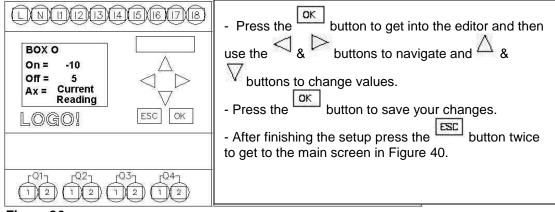


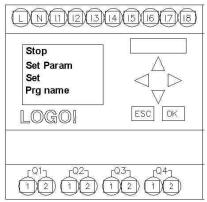
Figure 26

Note: There is a 5 second delay before the filter out or clogged is triggered.

#### SETTING THE FILTER CLOGGED

The limits for the filter clogged settings are factory preset. These settings are the filter manufacturer recommended pressure limit at which the filters no longer continue operate efficiently. If you are replacing filters with an alternative manufacturer make sure you enter the new manufacturers pressure limits.

To change the filter clogged parameters go to screen in Figure 40 by following steps shown at the beginning of filter out setting section.



- Press the  $\begin{picture}(200,0) \put(0,0){\line(0,0){100}} \put(0,0){\$
- You will see screen shown in Figure 41.

Figure 27

#### SETTING THE PRE-FILTER CLOGGED

Factory Presets

On = 125

Off = 75

Ax = Current reading through this filter section with filter still in.

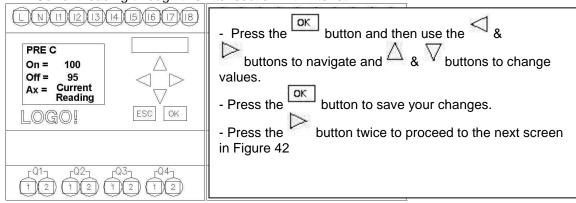


Figure 28

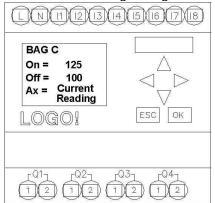
#### SETTING THE BAG-FILTER CLOGGED

Factory Presets

On = 175

Off = 150

Ax = Current reading through this filter section with filter still in.



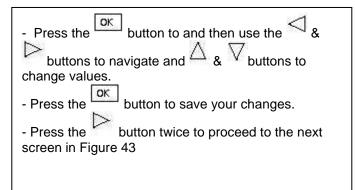


Figure 29

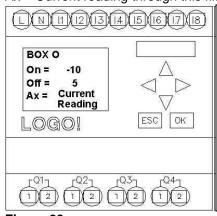
#### SETTING THE BOX-FILTER CLOGGED

**Factory Presets** 

On = 250

Off = 225

Ax = Current reading through this filter section with filter still in.



- Press the button to get into the editor and then use the buttons to navigate and  $^{\triangle}$  & buttons to change values.
- Press the button to save your changes.
- After finishing the setup press the get to the main screen in Figure 35

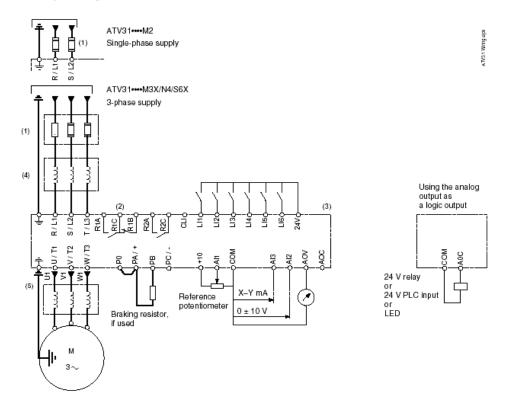
Figure 29

## **APPENDIX**

#### A. VFD ONLY:

#### FACTORY DRIVE TERMINAL SCHEMATIC

Wiring Diagram for Factory Settings



NOTE: The line supply terminals are shown at the top and the motor terminals are shown at the bottom. Connect the power terminals before connecting the control terminals. Install surge suppressors on all inductive circuits located near the drive controller or coupled to the same circuit.

- (1) Refer to the drive controller nameplate or to the tables on pages 34–35 for recommended fuses. Fast acting or time delay Class J fuses can be used.
- (2) Fault relay contacts for remote indication of drive controller status.
- (3) Internal +24 V. If an external source is used (30 V max.), connect the 0 V terminal of the source to the 0 V (COM) terminal, and do not use the +24 V terminal on the drive controller for any purpose.
- (4) Line reactor, if used. All 575 V installations must include a line reactor. See page 21.
- (5) Installation of a load filter is recommended for all 575 V applications. See page 22.

#### **LOGIC INPUT SWITCH**

The logic input switch assigns the logic input common link to 0 V (Source logic), 24 V (Sink logic), or floating.

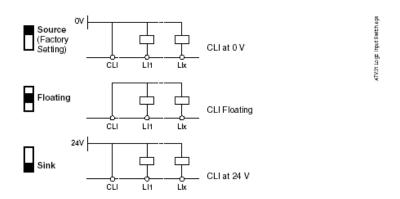
NOTE: When the logic input is configured for Sink logic, grounding the input signals can result in unintended activation of drive controller functions.

#### A DANGER

#### UNINTENDED EQUIPMENT OPERATION

- Protect the signal conductors against damage that could result in unintentional conductor grounding.
- Follow NFPA 79 and EN 60204 guidelines for proper control circuit grounding practices.

Failure to follow these instructions can result in death, serious injury, or equipment damage.



#### DRIVE TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS FOR LOCATING DRIVE PANELS

Table 2: Environment

Degree of Protection	IP20 without protective vent cover, NEMA 1, UL open type. IP21 on wiring terminals IP31 and IP41 all other areas UL Type 1 without removal of the protective vent cover from the top of the controller and with the addition of the Conduit Entry Kit (see page 14).
Resistance to vibrations	Conforming to IEC/EN 60068-2-6: 1.5 mm peak to peak from 3 to 13 Hz, 1 gn from 13 to 150 Hz
Resistance to shocks	15 gn for 11 ms conforming to IEC/EN 60068-2-27
Pollution degree	Pollution degree 2 according to UL 840. Protect the drive controller against dust, corrosive gas, and falling liquid.
Maximum relative humidity	96% maximum, non-condensing and without dripping (provide heating system if there is condensation) Conforms to IEC 60068-2-3
Maximum ambient temperature	Storage: -13 to +158 °F (-25 to +70 °C)  Operation: +14 to +122 °F (-10 to +50 °C) without vent cover removed and without derating  +14 to +140 °F (-10 to +60 °C) with vent cover removed and with derating. Refer to derating curves on page 15.
Altitude	Up to 3,300 ft (1,000 m) without derating; derate by 1% for each additional 330 ft (100 m)

#### B. HAZARDOUS WARNING

## A DANGER

#### HAZARDOUS VOLTAGE

- Read and understand this manual before installing or operating the Altivar 31 drive controller. Installation, adjustment, repair, and maintenance must be performed by qualified personnel.
- For more information on Altivar 31 drive controllers, see the Altivar 31 Start-Up Guide, VVDED303043US, and the Altivar 31 Programming Manual, VVDED303042US. Both manuals are shipped with the drive controller. They are also available from www.us.SquareD.com or from your Schneider Electric representative.
- The user is responsible for conforming to all applicable code requirements with respect to grounding all equipment.
- Many parts in this drive controller, including printed wiring boards, operate at line voltage. DO NOT TOUCH. Use only electrically insulated tools.
- DO NOT touch unshielded components or terminal strip screw connections with voltage present.
- DO NOT short across terminals PA and PC or across the DC bus capacitors.
- Install and close all covers before applying power or starting and stopping the drive controller.
- · Before servicing the drive controller:
  - · Disconnect all power.
  - Place a "DO NOT TURN ON" label on the drive controller disconnect.
  - · Lock the disconnect in the open position.
- Disconnect all power including external control power that may be present before servicing the drive controller. WAIT 3 MINUTES for the DC bus capacitors to discharge. Then follow the DC bus voltage measurement procedure on page 20 to verify that the DC voltage is less than 45 Vdc. The drive controller LEDs are not accurate indicators of the absence of DC bus voltage.

Electric shock will result in death or serious injury.

## C. VFD ONLY: GOOD WIRING PRACTICE

Good wiring practice requires the separation of control circuit wiring from all power (line) wiring. In addition, power wiring to the motor must have the maximum possible separation from all other power wiring, whether from the same drive controller or other drive controllers; do not run in the same conduit. This separation reduces the possibility of coupling electrical transients from power circuits into control circuits or from motor power wiring into other power circuits.

## **A**CAUTION

#### IMPROPER WIRING PRACTICES

- Follow the wiring practices described in this document in addition to those already required by the National Electrical Code and local electrical codes.
- The drive controller will be damaged if input line voltage is applied to the output terminals (U, V, W).
- · Check the power connections before energizing the drive controller.
- If replacing another drive controller, verify that all wiring connections to the ATV31 drive controller comply with all wiring instructions in this manual.

Failure to follow this instruction can result in injury or equipment damage.

Follow the practices below when wiring ATV31 drive controllers:

- Verify that the voltage and frequency of the input supply line and the voltage, frequency, and current of the motor match the rating on the drive controller nameplate.
- Use metallic conduit for all drive controller wiring. Do not run control and power wiring in the same conduit.
- Separate the metallic conduits carrying power wiring from those carrying control wiring by at least 76 mm (3 in.).
- Separate the non-metallic conduits or cable trays used to carry power wiring from the metallic conduit carrying control wiring by at least 305 mm (12 in.).
- Whenever power and control wiring cross, the metallic conduits and non-metallic conduits or trays must cross at right angles.
- Equip all inductive circuits near the drive controller (such as relays, contactors, and solenoid valves) with noise suppressors, or connect them to a separate circuit.

## D. VFD ONLY: GROUNDING

Ground the drive controller according to the National Electrical Code and all local codes to ensure safe, dependable operation. To ground the drive controller:

- Connect a copper wire from the equipment ground lug or terminal to the power system ground conductor. Size the wire according to the drive controller rating and national and local codes.
- Verify that resistance to ground is one ohm or less. Improper grounding causes intermittent and unreliable operation.

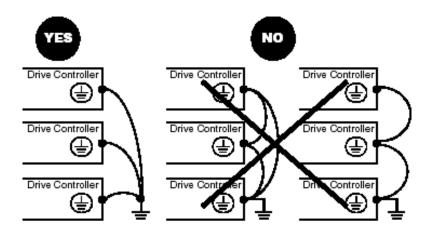
## ▲ DANGER

#### HAZARDOUS VOLTAGE

Ground equipment using the provided ground connecting point as shown in the figure below. The drive controller panel must be properly grounded before power is applied.

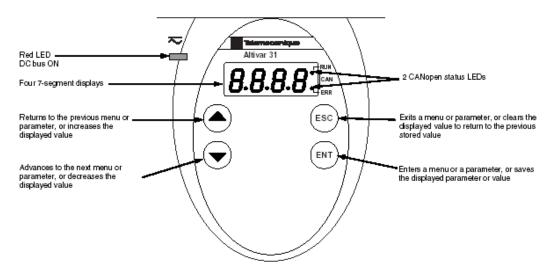
Electric shock will result in death or serious injury.

Ground multiple drive controllers as shown in the figure below. Do not loop the ground cables or connect them in series.



## E. VFD ONLY: STARTING THE DRIVE

#### ATV31 ---- Controllers



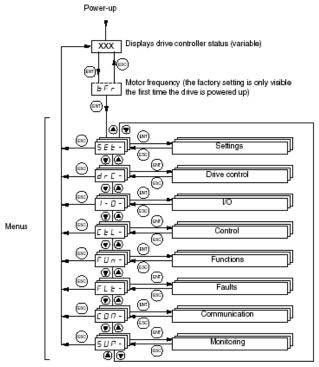
- Press and hold down (longer than 2 seconds) the or keys to scroll through the data quickly.
- Pressing or does not store the selection.
- To store the selection, press the key. The display flashes when a value is stored.

A normal display with no fault present and no run command shows:

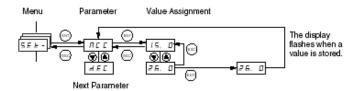
- The value of one of the display parameters (see page 80). The default display is motor frequency, for example 43.0. In current limiting mode, the display flashes.
- · init: Initialization sequence
- rdY: Drive ready
- · dcb: DC injection braking in progress
- nSt: Freewheel stop
- FSt: Fast stop
- · tUn: Auto-tuning in progress

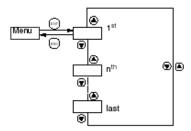
If a fault is present, the display flashes.

## F. VFD ONLY: ACCESSING THE DRIVE PROGRAM MENU



The following figure illustrates how to access parameters and assign their values. To store the parameter value, press the key. The display flashes when a value is stored.





If you have modified a parameter in a menu and you return to that menu without accessing another menu in the meantime, you will be taken directly to the parameter you last modified. See the illustration below. If you have accessed another menu or have restarted the drive controller since the modification, you will be taken to the first parameter in the menu. See the illustration above.

## G. VFD ONLY

#### PROGRAMMING THE DRIVE PARAMETERS

MXFLOW Programming the variable speed Tele drive

Code	Long Label	Factory Setting	Tele Default
		ast Settings	
ACC	Acceleration ramp time	10.0s	3.0s
BFR	Standard motor frequency	60HZ	50HZ
DEC	Deceleration ramp time	10s	3s
ITH	Motor thermal current	Motor FLA	0.0A
**LSP	Low Speed	50HZ	0.0HZ
		otor Control	
NSP	Nominal Motor Speed	1725 rpm of motor	1715tr/min
TUN	Automatic Tuning	Autotune on Power up	Not Assigned
		nal Configuration	T
AOIT	Configuration of AOI	4-20mA	0-20mA
DO	AOC/AOV Assignment	Motor Frequency	Not Assigned
R1	Relay R1	Drive Running	Drive Fault
RRS	Reverse	Not Assigned	Logic Input LI2
		trol Command	<b>T</b>
FR1	Configuration reference 1	Analog Input AI3	Analog input Al1
LAC	Function Access Level	Advance Function & Mixed	Access to Std.
		ctrl	Function
		out Summary	
AI1A	Configuration of Al1	CH. In forced local Mode	Configuration ref. 1
AI2A	Configuration of Al2	Not Assigned	Summing Input 2
AI3A	Configuration of Al3	Configuration ref. 1	Not Assigned
LI2A	Config. Logic Input 2	Select 2 Preset Speed	Reverse
LI3A	Config. Logic Input 3	Select 3 Preset Speed	Select 3 Preset
1140	Confin Lonis Innut 4	Colort A Doort Coord	Speed
LI4A	Config. Logic Input 4	Select 4 Reset Speed	Select 4 Preset
			Speed
		 nult Behavior	
ATR	Automatic Restart	YES	NO
DRN	Derating for Undervoltage	YES	NO
ואום		cation Functions	140
SA2	Summing Input 2	Not Assigned	Analog Input Al2
SA3	Summing Input 3	Not Assigned	Not Assigned
SDC2	DC Current at Standstill 2	Motor Amp	0.0A
SP2	Preset Speed 2	60HZ	10HZ
SP3	Preset Speed 3	30 HX(optional)	15HZ
SP4	Preset Speed 4	50HZ (optional)	20HZ
J		Corne (optional)	
<del></del>	force and a server be a become a develope		1

Device Reference must be observed when programming

Parameter list based on ALTIVAR31

Motor Characteristics must be inputted (ie FLA, RPM)

Preset Speeds are adjustable.

## H. VFD ONLY: TROUBLE SHOOTING AND DRIVE FAULT DISPLAY

PRECAUTIONS

Read the following safety statements before proceeding with any maintenance or troubleshooting procedures.

#### A DANGER

#### HAZARDOUS VOLTAGE

- . Disconnect all power before servicing the drive controller.
- Read and understand these procedure and the precaution on page 13 of this manual before servicing the ATV31 drive controllers.
- Installation, adjustment, and maintenance of these drive controllers must be performed by qualified personnel.

Failure to follow this instruction will result in death or serious injury.

ROUTINE MAINTENANCE

Perform the following steps at regular intervals:

- Check the condition and tightness of the connections.
- Make sure that the ventilation is effective and that the temperature around the drive controller remains at an acceptable level.
- Remove dust and debris from the drive controller, if necessary.

FAULT DISPLAY

If a problem arises during setup or operation, ensure that all ambient environment, mounting, and connection recommendations have been followed.

The first fault detected is stored and displayed, flashing, on the screen. The drive controller locks and the fault relay (RA-RC) contact opens, if it has been configured for this function.

Drive Controller Does Not Start, No Fault Displayed If the drive controller will not start and there is no display indication, consider the following:

- 1. Check the power supply to the drive controller.
- The assignment of the fast stop or freewheel stop functions prevents the drive controller from starting if the corresponding logic inputs are not powered up. In this case, the drive controller displays nSt in freewheel stop mode and FSt in fast mode. This is normal, since these functions are active at zero speed so that the drive controller will stop safely if there is a wire break.
- Ensure that the run command inputs have been actuated in accordance with the chosen control mode (tCC parameter in the I-O- menu. See page 29).
- If an input is assigned to the limit switch function and this input is at state 0, the drive controller can only be started by sending a command for the opposite direction (see page 72).
- If the reference channel (page 37) or the control channel (page 38) is assigned to Modbus or CANopen, the drive controller displays nSt on power up and remains stopped until the communication bus sends a command.

#### TROUBLESHOOTING

#### Fault Display

If a problem occurs during setup or operation, ensure that all ambient environment, mounting, and connection recommendations have been followed.

The first fault detected is stored and displayed, flashing, on the screen. The drive controller locks and the fault relay (R1A-R1C or R2A-R2C) contact opens.

#### Drive Controller Does Not Start, No Display

If the drive controller will not start and there is no display indication, check the power supply to the drive controller. Refer to the *ATV31 Programming Manual* for more troubleshooting information.

#### Faults Which Cannot be Automatically Reset

Faults which cannot be automatically reset are listed in the table beginning on page 44. To clear these faults:

- 1. Remove power from the drive controller.
- Wait for the display to go off completely.
- 3. Determine the cause of the fault and correct it.
- Reapply power.

CrF, SOF, tnF, bLF, and OPF can also be reset remotely via a logic input (rSF parameter in the FLt- menu, see the ATV31 Programming Manual).

## Faults Which Cannot be Automatically Reset

Fault	Probable Cause	Remedy
b L F Brake sequence	Brake release current not reached	Check the drive controller and motor connections. Check the motor windings. Check the Ibr setting in the FUn-menu. Refer to the ATV31 Programming Manual.
Cr F Precharge circuit fault	Precharge circuit damaged	Reset the drive controller.     Replace the drive controller.
In F Internal fault	Internal fault     Internal connection fault	Remove sources of electromagnetic interference.     Replace the drive controller.
ас ғ Overcurrent	Incorrect parameter settings in the SEt- and drC- menus     Acceleration too rapid     Drive controller and/or motor undersized for load     Mechanical blockage	Check the SEt- and drC- parameters.  Ensure that the size of the motor and drive controller is sufficient for the load.  Clear the mechanical blockage.
5 C F Motor short circuit	Short circuit or grounding at the drive controller output     Significant ground leakage current at the drive controller output if several motors are connected in parallel	Check the cables connecting the drive controller to the motor, and check the motor insulation.     Reduce the switching frequency.     Connect output filters in series with the motor.
5 0 F Overspeed	Instability     Overhauling load	Check the motor, gain, and stability parameters.     Add a braking resistor.     Check the size of the motor, drive controller, and load.
En F Auto-tuning fault	Motor or motor power not suitable for the drive controller     Motor not connected to the drive controller	Use the L or the P ratio (see UFt on page 36). Check the presence of the motor during auto-tuning. If a downstream contactor is being used, close it during auto-tuning.

#### Faults Which Can be Reset With the Automatic Restart Function

After the cause of the fault has been removed, the following faults can be reset:

- With the automatic restart function (Atr parameter in the FLt- menu, see the ATV31 Programming Manual),
- Via a logic input (rSF parameter in the FLt- menu, see the ATV31 Programming Manual),
- · By cycling power to the drive controller.

#### Faults Which Can be Reset With Automatic Restart

Fault	Probable Cause	Remedy
£ ⊕ F Serial link failure CANopen	Loss of communication between drive controller and communication device or remote keypad.	Check the communication bus.     Refer to the product-specific documentation.
E P F External fault	User defined	User defined
L F F Loss of 4-20 mA follower	Loss of the 4-20 mA reference on input Al3	Check the connection on input AI3.
0 b F Overvoltage during deceleration	Braking too rapidly     Overhauling load	Increase the deceleration time. Install a braking resistor if necessary. Activate the brA function if it is compatible with the application. Refer to the ATV31 Programming Manual.
a H F Drive overload	Drive controller or ambient temperature are too high.     Continuous motor current load is too high.	Check the motor load, the drive controller ventilation, and the environment. Wait for the drive controller to cool before restarting.
D L F Motor overload	Thermal trip due to prolonged motor overload Motor power rating too low for the application	Check the ItH setting (motor thermal protection, page 32), check the motor load. Allow the motor to cool before restarting.

## Faults Which Can be Reset With Automatic Restart (Continued)

Fault	Probable Cause	Remedy		
a P F Motor phase failure	Loss of phase at drive controller output     Downstream contactor open     Motor not connected     Instability in the motor current     Drive controller oversized for motor	Check the connections from the drive controller to the motor.  If a downstream contactor is being used, set OPL to OAC. Refer to the ATV31 Programming Manual, FLtmenu.  Test the drive controller on a low power motor or without a motor: set OPL to nO. Refer to the ATV31 Programming Manual, FLt-menu.  Check and optimize the UFr (page 32), UnS (page 35), and nCr (page 35) parameters and perform auto-tuning (page 36).		
0 5 F Overvoltage during steady state operation or during acceleration	Line voltage too high     Line supply transients	Check the line voltage. Compare with the drive controller nameplate rating.     Reset the drive controller.		
PHF Input phase failure	Input phase loss, blown fuse  3-phase drive controller used on a single phase line supply Input phase imbalance  Transient phase fault Note: This protection only operates with the drive controller running under load.	Check the connections and the fuses. Disable the fault by setting IPL to nO. Refer to the ATV31 Programming Manual. Verify that the input power is correct. Supply 3-phase power if needed.		
5 L F Serial link failure Modbus	Loss of connection between drive controller and communication device or remote keypad.	Check the communication connection.     Refer to the product-specific documentation.		



# KES ENVIRO START-UP REPORT

#### **General Information**

Job N	ame	Date	
Locati	ion	File No.	
KES No.		S No. Motor HP	
S/N		Voltage	
Item	Description	l	Y / N
1	Check all electrical connections. Tighten as necessary		
2	Check for r	ower to the RPD-KD panel on terminals 1 & 4	

1	Check all electrical connections. Tighten as necessary	
2	Check for power to the RPD-KD panel on terminals 1 & 4	
3	Check all remote wiring to ensure it has been connected	
4	LV10 J-Box wiring to terminal 1, 4 & 5 from RPD-KD remote	
5	LV10 J-Box wiring to terminal 4 & 5 to exhaust fan motor starter mounted on KES	
6	LV10 J-Box wiring to odor spray 4 & 17 (Optional for odor spray units)	
7	Power wiring to disconnect switch	
~-		

#### Check if all filters are in the unit

Check	if all filters are in the u	nıt			
	of Filter	Size			Qty
8	Prefilter	12" x 24" x 2"			
8 9	Prefilter	24" x 24" x 2"			
10	Bag Filter	12" x 24" x 22"			
11	Bag Filter	24" x 24" x 22"			
12	Box Filter	12" x 24" x 12"			
13	Box Filter	24" x 24" x 12"			
Item	Description	·			Y/N
14	Check of the inlet ex all welded NFPA-96	haust ductwork to the KES unit from	om the kitchen exh	aust hood is	
15	Check if clearance to combustible or 6" to	top, sides, and ends of KES filter non-combustibles	box is available: 1	8" to	
16	Check power at disco	onnect switch	3/60/	V	
Item	Description		П.		Y/N
17A	Non VFD units:				
	Check fan rotation as follows:				
	Turn on the main disconnect to the KESF fan motor starter				
	Turn "FAN ON" switch in the wash panel or remote RPD-KD panel to the ON				
	position				
	Turn on the Override switch in the RPD-KD or RPD-KW remote panel. The LOGO text message "Service Filters within 4 hours" will appear.				
	Turn "FAN OFF" switch in the wash panel or remote RPD-KD panel to the OFF				
	position. Observe the fan rotation. Change one of L1, L2 or L3 if fan is rotating				
		DISCONNECTING ALL POWI			
17B	VFD units:			-	
	Check fan rotation as follows:				
	Turn on the main disconnect to the KESF fan motor starter				
	Turn "FAN ON" switch in the wash panel or remote RPD-KD panel to the OFF				
	nosition	r	r		

Put a jumper wire between terminals A and B in the LV20 panel. The fan will rotate for the length of time the jumper wire is in place. Observe the fan rotation. To correct fan rotation switch two of the high voltage wires on terminals U/T1, V/T2 or W/T3 on the drive or switch two wires at the motor. **AFTER DISCONNECTING ALL** 

POWER TO THE KESF UNIT.

18	Turn "FAN ON" switch in the was	sh panel or remote RPD-KD	panel to the	e ON position
19A	Non VFD Unit: Check the FLA	L1 L2	L3	
19B	VFD Unit: Check the FLA For	P508 = Ar	nps	
	Lenze VFD check parameter P508	3		
	for Altivar 312 check menu <b>SUP</b>	LCr = Ar	nps	
	parameter <b>LCr</b>			
20A	<b>NON-VFD unit</b> : Adjust the overl			ng of motor
20B	<b>VFD unit:</b> The variable speed dri	ves have a factory set overlo	ad setting	
	Circuit Check			
21	Turn "FAN OFF" switch in the wa	ish panel or remote RPD-KD	panel to tl	ne OFF
	position			
22	Rotate the OVERRIDE switch on			al position.
	The text message will disappear or			
23	Turn "FAN ON" switch in the was	sh panel or remote RPD-KD	panel to the	e ON position
	ter Clogged Test	Y4.0 1		
24	Jumper terminals 1 & 12 in the LV	/10 panel		h
25	KES unit shuts off	10 · · · · (/Cl	Yes	No
26	Prefilter clogged light on and LOC Prefilter"		Yes	No
27	Rotate the OVERRIDE switch on	the RPD-KD or RPD-KW or	n and off.	
28	Rotate "FAN ON" switch to OFF	and then to ON to reset the u	ınit.	
Bag Fi	ilter Clogged Test			
29	Jumper terminals 1 & 13 in the LV	710 panel		
30	KES unit shuts off		Yes	No
31	Bag clogged light on and LOGO to filter"	ext message "Change Bag	Yes	No
32	Rotate the OVERRIDE switch on	the RPD-KD or RPD-KW or	n and off.	
Box fil	ter Clogged Test			
33	Jumper switch terminals 1 & 14 in	the LV10 panel		
34	KES unit shuts off		Yes	No
35	Box clogged light on and LOGO t	ext message "Change Box	Yes	No
	Filter"			
36	Rotate the OVERRIDE switch on	the RPD-KD or RPD-KW or	n and off.	
	Removed Test			
37	Jumper switch terminals 1 & 15 in	the LV10 panel		
38	KES unit shuts off		Yes	No
39	Filter removed light on and LOGO	text message "Filter Out or	Yes	No
	Low Exhaust"			
40	Rotate the OVERRIDE switch on			
	Filter pressure readings (See page		to read va	rious pressure on LV10 P
41	Read the PRE C Ax	PRE O OFF		
42	Read the BAG C Ax	BAG O OFF		
43	Read the BOX C Ax	BOX O OFF		

#### Filter Out Test #1

44	Remove all the bag filters. Shut the access door and turn the unit on. Wait for 30 sec.				
45	KES unit shuts off	Yes	No		
46	Filter removed light on and LOGO text message "Filter Out or	Yes	No		
	Low Exhaust"				
47	Reset unit at LV10 J-Box reset switch by turning on and off				
48	If the unit does not shut off adjust the BAG O OFF setting below the BAG O Ax reading. See				
	page 47 of manual for description of changing the BAG O OFF setting. Once setting has been				
	adjusted repeat item 44.				
Filter Out Test #2					

49	Remove all the box filters. Shut the access door and turn the unit on. Wait for 30 sec.					
50	KES unit shuts off	Yes	No			
51	Filter removed light on and RPD-KD or RPD-KW LOGO text	Yes	No			
	message "Filter Out or Low Exhaust"					
52	Rotate the OVERRIDE switch on the RPD-KD or RPD-KW on and off.					
53	If the unit does not shut off adjust the BOX O OFF setting below the BOX O Ax reading.					
	page 47 of manual for description of changing the BOX O OFF setting. Once setting has been					
	adjusted repeat item 44.					

### **Hi Temperature Switch Test**

54	Jumper terminals 1 & 16 in the LV10 J-Box.		
55	KES unit shuts off	Yes	No
56	Fire light on	Yes	No
57	Rotate the OVERRIDE switch on the RPD-KD or RPD-KW on and off.		

Check	a override switch			
58	Turn "FAN OFF" switch in the wash panel or remote RPD-KD panel to the OFF position			
59	Jumper terminals 1 & 12 in the RPD-KD or RPD-KW.			
60	Turn "FAN ON" switch in the wash panel or remote RPD-KD panel to the ON position			
61	the LOGO text			
	message "Prefilter Clogged" will appear.			
62	Rotate the OVERRIDE switch on the RPD-KW or RPD-KD remote panel to the ON position.			
63	KES unit turns on	Yes	No	
64	Warning light turns on and the LOGO text message "Service	Yes	No	
	Filters within 4 hours" will appear.			
65	Turn "FAN OFF" switch in the wash panel or remote RPD-KD panel to the OFF position			
66	Remove the jumper			
67	Turn "FAN ON" switch in the wash panel or remote RPD-KD panel to the ON position			
68	Rotate the OVERRIDE switch on the RPD-KW or RPD-KD remote panel to the OFF position.			
	The Warning light goes off and the LOGO text message disappears.			
69	Measure the exhaust air volume at each hood			
	Use hood start up form for this. Adjust air volume to suit with change of pulleys.			
70A	Non-VFD Units:		-	
	To adjust fan speed, check with Spring Air Engineering to determine if sheaves can be adjusted or			
1				

changed to increase or reduce as needed.

#### 70B VFD units:

To adjust fan speed, check with Spring Air Engineering to determine if VFD can be sped up or slowed down. Adjust Parameter P103 for maximum speed setting on Lenze drives. For Altivar 312 VFD's adjust HSP in SEt menu for maximum speed.

Comments		
Service To	echnician:	
	Yes I have received a set of Spring Air Systems Inc. maintenance manuals.	
Signature		